1	XAVIER BECERRA		
2	Attorney General of California ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ		
3	Supervising Deputy Attorney General RYAN J. YATES		
4	Deputy Attorney General State Bar No. 279257		
5	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255		
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-6329		
7	Facsimile: (916) 327-2247		
8	Attorneys for Complainant		
9			
10	BEFORE THE MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS		
11			
12	STATE OF COLUMN AFTAINS  STATE OF CALIFORNIA		
13		I	
14	In the Matter of the Accusation Against,	Case No. 800-2018-040968	
15	JENNA LEE VICTORY	DEFAULT DECISION AND ORDER	
16	166 Ludell Drive Walnut Creek, CA 94597-2026	[Gov. Code, §11520]	
17	Polysomnographic Technologist Registration	[Gov. Code, §11520]	
18	No. PTGL 609		
19	Respondent.		
20	FINDINGS OF FACT		
21			
22	1. On or about November 15, 2018, Complainant Kimberly Kirchmeyer, in her official		
23	capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consumer		
24	Affairs, filed Accusation No. 800-2018-040968 against Jenna Lee Victory (Respondent) before		
25	the Medical Board of California.		
26			
27			
28			
	(JENNA LEE VICTORY) DEFAULT DECISION & ORDER		

2. On or about February 18, 2014, the Medical Board of California (Board) issued Polysomnographic Technologist Registration No. PTGL 609 to Respondent. The Polysomnographic Technologist Registration expired on October 31, 2017, and has not been renewed. A true and correct copy of Respondent's license is attached as Exhibit 1 to the separate accompanying "Default Decision Evidence Packet" and incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth herein.<sup>1</sup>

- 3. On or about November 15, 2018, Kristy Voong, an employee of the Complainant Agency, served by Certified Mail a copy of the Accusation No. 800-2018-040968, Statement to Respondent, Notice of Defense, Request for Discovery, and Government Code sections 11507.5, 11507.6, and 11507.7 to Respondent's address of record with the Board, which was and is 166 Ludell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94597-2026. A copy of the Accusation, the related documents, and Declaration of Service are attached as Exhibit 2, and are incorporated herein by reference.
- 4. Service of the Accusation was effective as a matter of law under the provisions of Government Code section 11505, subdivision (c).
- 5. On or about January 28, 2019, the aforementioned documents were returned by the U.S. Postal Service marked "Unclaimed." A copy of the envelope returned by the post office is attached as Exhibit 3, and is incorporated herein by reference.
  - 6. Business and Professions Code section 118 states, in pertinent part:
- "(b) The suspension, expiration, or forfeiture by operation of law of a license issued by a board in the department, or its suspension, forfeiture, or cancellation by order of the board or by order of a court of law, or its surrender without the written consent of the board, shall not, during any period in which it may be renewed, restored, reissued, or reinstated, deprive the board of its authority to institute or continue a disciplinary proceeding against the licensee upon any ground provided by law or to enter an order suspending or revoking the license or otherwise taking disciplinary action against the license on any such ground."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The exhibits referred to herein, which are true and correct copies of the originals, are contained in the separate accompanying "Default Decision Evidence Packet" and will be identified by "Exhibit" Followed by the specific exhibit number.

7. Government Code section 11506 states, in pertinent part:

"(c) The respondent shall be entitled to a hearing on the merits if the respondent files a notice of defense, and the notice shall be deemed a specific denial of all parts of the accusation not expressly admitted. Failure to file a notice of defense shall constitute a waiver of respondent's right to a hearing, but the agency in its discretion may nevertheless grant a hearing."

- 8. Respondent failed to file a Notice of Defense within 15 days after service upon her of the Accusation, and therefore waived her right to a hearing on the merits of Accusation No. 800-2018-040968.
  - 9. California Government Code section 11520 states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) If the respondent either fails to file a notice of defense or to appear at the hearing, the agency may take action based upon the respondent's express admissions or upon other evidence and affidavits may be used as evidence without any notice to respondent."
- 10. Pursuant to its authority under Government Code section 11520, the Board finds Respondent is in default. The Board will take action without further hearing and, based on Respondent's express admissions by way of default and the evidence before it, contained in exhibits 1, 2 and 3, finds that the allegations in Accusation No. 800-2018-040968 are true.
  - 11. Section 480 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) A board may deny a license regulated by this code on the grounds that the applicant has one of the following:
- "(1) Been convicted of a crime. A conviction within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that a board is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4, 1203.4a, or 1203.41 of the Penal Code.
- "(2) Done any act involving dishonesty, fraud, or deceit with the intent to substantially benefit himself or herself or another, or substantially injure another.

- "(3) (A) Done any act that if done by a licentiate of the business or profession in question, would be grounds for suspension or revocation of license.
- "(B) The board may deny a license pursuant to this subdivision only if the crime or act is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which application is made.
- "(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, a person shall not be denied a license solely on the basis that he or she has been convicted of a felony if he or she has obtained a certificate of rehabilitation under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code or that he or she has been convicted of a misdemeanor if he or she has met all applicable requirements of the criteria of rehabilitation developed by the board to evaluate the rehabilitation of a person when considering the denial of a license under subdivision (a) of Section 482.
- "(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, a person shall not be denied a license solely on the basis of a conviction that has been dismissed pursuant to Section 1203.4, 1203.4a, or 1203.41 of the Penal Code. An applicant who has a conviction that has been dismissed pursuant to Section 1203.4, 1203.4a, or 1203.41 of the Penal Code shall provide proof of the dismissal.
- "(d) A board may deny a license regulated by this code on the ground that the applicant knowingly made a false statement of fact required to be revealed in the application for the license."
  - 12. Section 3576 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) A registration under this chapter may be denied, suspended, revoked, or otherwise subjected to discipline for any of the following by the holder:
- "(1) Incompetence, gross negligence, or repeated similar negligent acts performed by the registrant.
  - "(2) An act of dishonesty or fraud.
- "(3) Committing any act or being convicted of a crime constituting grounds for denial of licensure or registration under Section 480.

- "(4) Violating or attempting to violate any provision of this chapter or any regulation adopted under this chapter.
- "(b) Proceedings under this section shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and the board shall have all powers granted therein."
  - 13. Section 3576.3 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) The board may suspend or revoke the registration of a polysomnographic technologist, polysomnographic technician, or polysomnographic trainee for unprofessional conduct as described in this section.
- "(b) The use of any controlled substance or the use of any of the dangerous drugs specified in Section 4022, or of alcoholic beverages, to the extent, or in such a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to the registrant, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that this use impairs the ability of the registrant to practice safely or more than one misdemeanor or any felony conviction involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any of the substances referred to in this section, or any combination thereof, constitutes unprofessional conduct. The record of the conviction is conclusive evidence of this unprofessional conduct.
- "(c) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this section. The board may order discipline of the registrant in accordance with Section 2227 or may order the denial of the registration when the time for appeal has elapsed or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing this person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, complaint, information, or indictment."

26 ///

27 | ///

28 | ///

14. Section 1379.68 of the California Code of Regulations states, in pertinent part:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of the registration of a polysomnography registrant pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a polysomnographic registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a polysomnographic registrant to perform the functions authorized by his or her registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare. Such crimes or acts shall include, but not be limited to, those involving the following:

- (a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of Chapter 7.8 of Division 2 of the Code.
  - (b) Conviction of a crime involving fiscal dishonesty, or theft.
  - (c) Battery or assault.
  - (d) Sexual misconduct or abuse.
- (e) Conviction of a crime involving lewd conduct, prostitution or solicitation thereof, or pandering and/or indecent exposure, as defined by the Penal Code."
- 15. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action under sections 480, 3576, and 3576.3, of the Code, and under Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations section 1379.68, by reason of the following:
  - A. On or about March 28, 2018, Respondent pleaded nolo contendere in a case entitled *The People of the State of California v. Jenna Lee Victory*, Fresno County Superior Court Case No. F18900511 to Count 1, First Degree Residential Burglary, in violation of section 459/460(a) of the California Penal Code. A Certified copy of Fresno Police Department Law Enforcement Report Form in Case No. 18-004451 is attached as Exhibit 4 and is incorporated herein by reference. The Criminal Complaint, Plea Form, and Sentencing Minute Order in Fresno County Superior Court Case No. F18900511, alleging the following criminal counts:

28.

- a) Count 1: First Degree Residential Burglary, in violation of section 459/460(a) of the California Penal Code;
- b) Count 2: Misdemeanor Possession of a Controlled Substance, in violation of section 11377(a) of the California Health & Safety Code;
- c) Count 3: Possession of Unlawful Drug Paraphernalia, in violation of section 11364 of the California Health & Safety Code. (See Exhibit 4.)
- B. Respondent was sentenced to 205 days in jail (with credit for the 205 days she had already served), three (3) years of formal probation, and to complete the following: do not use or possess alcohol or drugs, do not leave the State of California, do not frequent bars, submit to alcohol and drug testing, complete mental health/narcotics sentencing programs, pay a fine and fees, and other probationary terms and conditions. (See Exhibit 5.)

## **DETERMINATION OF ISSUES**

- 1. Based on the foregoing findings of fact, Respondent Jenna Lee Victory has subjected her Polysomnographic Technologist Registration No. PTGL 609 to disciplinary action and revocation.
- 2. Pursuant to its authority under California Government Code section 11520, and based on the evidence before it, the Board hereby finds that the charges and allegations contained in the Accusation and the Findings of Fact contained in paragraphs 1 through 15, above and each of them, separately and severally, are true and correct.
- 3. Pursuant to its authority under California Government Code section 11520, and by reason of the Findings of Fact contained in paragraphs 1 through 15, above, and Determination of Issues 1 and 2, above, the Board hereby finds that Respondent Jenna Lee Victory, has subjected her Polysomnographic Technologist Registration No. PTGL 609 to disciplinary action under California Business and Professions Code sections 480, 3576, 3576.3, and California Code of Regulations section 1379.68, in that she has:
  - (a) Been convicted of crimes, in violation of California Business and Professions Code section 480, 3576, and California Code of Regulations section 1379.68;

| //

1	XAVIER BECERRA	FILED
2	Attorney General of California	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
	ALEXANDRA M. ALVAREZ Supervising Deputy Attorney General	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA SACRAMENTO <u>November 15</u> 20 <u>/ 8</u>
3	RYAN J. YATES Deputy Attorney General	BY K Voong ANALYST
. 4	State Bar No. 279257 California Department of Justice	
. 5,	1300 I Street, Suite 125 P.O. Box 944255	
6	Sacramento, CA 94244-2550 Telephone: (916) 210-6329	
7 :	Facsimile: (916) 327-2247	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
8	Attorneys for Complainant	
9		
10	BEFORE THE	
11.	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS	
12	STATE OF CALIFORNIA	
13		
14		
15	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 800-2018-040968
16	Jenna Lee Victory 166 Ludell Drive	ACCUSATION
17	Walnut Creek, CA 94597-2026	
18	Polysomnographic Technologist Registration No. PTGL 609,	
19	Respondent.	
20		
21		
22	Complainant alleges:	
23	PART	<u>ries</u>
24	1. Kimberly Kirchmeyer ("Complainant") brings this Accusation solely in her official	
25°	capacity as the Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, Department of Consume	
26	Affairs ("Board").	
27	111	
28	///	
20	1	

(JENNA LEE VICTORY) ACCUSATION NO. 800-2018-040968

2. On or about February 18, 2014, the Board issued Polysomnographic Technologist Registration No. PTGL 609 to Jenna Lee Victory ("Respondent"). That license expired on October 31, 2017, and has not been renewed.

#### **JURISDICTION**

- 3. This Accusation is brought before the Board, under the authority of the following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code ("Code") unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Section 480 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) A board may deny a license regulated by this code on the grounds that the applicant has one of the following:
- "(1) Been convicted of a crime. A conviction within the meaning of this section means a plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere. Any action that a board is permitted to take following the establishment of a conviction may be taken when the time for appeal has elapsed, or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal, or when an order granting probation is made suspending the imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4, 1203.4a, or 1203.41 of the Penal Code.
- "(2) Done any act involving dishonesty, fraud, or deceit with the intent to substantially benefit himself or herself or another, or substantially injure another.
- "(3) (A) Done any act that if done by a licentiate of the business or profession in question, would be grounds for suspension or revocation of license.
- "(B) The board may deny a license pursuant to this subdivision only if the crime or act is substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of the business or profession for which application is made.
- "(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, a person shall not be denied a license solely on the basis that he or she has been convicted of a felony if he or she has obtained a certificate of rehabilitation under Chapter 3.5 (commencing with Section 4852.01) of Title 6 of Part 3 of the Penal Code or that he or she has been convicted of a misdemeanor if he or she has met all applicable requirements of the criteria of rehabilitation developed by the board to evaluate

the rehabilitation of a person when considering the denial of a license under subdivision (a) of Section 482.

- "(c) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this code, a person shall not be denied a license solely on the basis of a conviction that has been dismissed pursuant to Section 1203.4, 1203.4a, or 1203.41 of the Penal Code. An applicant who has a conviction that has been dismissed pursuant to Section 1203.4, 1203.4a, or 1203.41 of the Penal Code shall provide proof of the dismissal.
- "(d) A board may deny a license regulated by this code on the ground that the applicant knowingly made a false statement of fact required to be revealed in the application for the license."
  - 5. Section 3576 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) A registration under this chapter may be denied, suspended, revoked, or otherwise subjected to discipline for any of the following by the holder:
- "(1) Incompetence, gross negligence, or repeated similar negligent acts performed by the registrant.
  - "(2) An act of dishonesty or fraud.
- "(3) Committing any act or being convicted of a crime constituting grounds for denial of licensure or registration under Section 480.
- "(4) Violating or attempting to violate any provision of this chapter or any regulation adopted under this chapter.
- "(b) Proceedings under this section shall be conducted in accordance with Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 11500) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code, and the board shall have all powers granted therein."
  - 6. Section 3576.3 of the Code states, in pertinent part:
- "(a) The board may suspend or revoke the registration of a polysomnographic technologist, polysomnographic technician, or polysomnographic trainee for unprofessional conduct as described in this section.
  - "(b) The use of any controlled substance or the use of any of the dangerous drugs specified

in Section 4022, or of alcoholic beverages, to the extent, or in such a manner as to be dangerous or injurious to the registrant, or to any other person or to the public, or to the extent that this use impairs the ability of the registrant to practice safely or more than one misdemeanor or any felony conviction involving the use, consumption, or self-administration of any of the substances referred to in this section, or any combination thereof, constitutes unprofessional conduct. The record of the conviction is conclusive evidence of this unprofessional conduct.

- "(c) A plea or verdict of guilty or a conviction following a plea of nolo contendere is deemed to be a conviction within the meaning of this section. The board may order discipline of the registrant in accordance with Section 2227 or may order the denial of the registration when the time for appeal has elapsed or the judgment of conviction has been affirmed on appeal or when an order granting probation is made suspending imposition of sentence, irrespective of a subsequent order under the provisions of Section 1203.4 of the Penal Code allowing this person to withdraw his or her plea of guilty and to enter a plea of not guilty, or setting aside the verdict of guilty, or dismissing the accusation, complaint, information, or indictment."
  - 7. Section 1379.68 of the California Code of Regulations states, in pertinent part:

"For the purpose of denial, suspension, or revocation of the registration of a polysomnography registrant pursuant to Division 1.5 (commencing with Section 475) of the Code, a crime or act shall be considered substantially related to the qualifications, functions, and duties of a polysomnographic registrant if to a substantial degree it evidences present or potential unfitness of a polysomnographic registrant to perform the functions authorized by his or her registration in a manner consistent with the public health, safety, or welfare. Such crimes or acts shall include, but not be limited to, those involving the following:

- (a) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate any provision or term of Chapter 7.8 of Division 2 of the Code.
  - (b) Conviction of a crime involving fiscal dishonesty, or theft.
  - (c) Battery or assault.
  - (d) Sexual misconduct or abuse.

(e) Conviction of a crime involving lewd conduct, prostitution or solicitation thereof, or pandering and/or indecent exposure, as defined by the Penal Code."

### **COST RECOVERY**

- 8. Section 125.3 of the Code states:
- "(a) Except as otherwise provided by law, in any order issued in resolution of a disciplinary proceeding before any board within the department or before the Osteopathic Medical Board, upon request of the entity bringing the proceeding, the administrative law judge may direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.
- "(b) In the case of a disciplined licentiate that is a corporation or a partnership, the order may be made against the licensed corporate entity or licensed partnership.
- "(c) A certified copy of the actual costs, or a good faith estimate of costs where actual costs are not available, signed by the entity bringing the proceeding or its designated representative shall be prima facie evidence of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case. The costs shall include the amount of investigative and enforcement costs up to the date of the hearing, including, but not limited to, charges imposed by the Attorney General.
- "(d) The administrative law judge shall make a proposed finding of the amount of reasonable costs of investigation and prosecution of the case when requested pursuant to subdivision (a). The finding of the administrative law judge with regard to costs shall not be reviewable by the board to increase the cost award. The board may reduce or eliminate the cost award, or remand to the administrative law judge if the proposed decision fails to make a finding on costs requested pursuant to subdivision (a).
- "(e) If an order for recovery of costs is made and timely payment is not made as directed in the board's decision, the board may enforce the order for repayment in any appropriate court.

  This right of enforcement shall be in addition to any other rights the board may have as to any licentiate to pay costs.

27 || ///

28 | ///

- "(f) In any action for recovery of costs, proof of the board's decision shall be conclusive proof of the validity of the order of payment and the terms for payment.
- "(g)(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), the board shall not renew or reinstate the license of any licentiate who has failed to pay all of the costs ordered under this section.
- "(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the board may, in its discretion, conditionally renew or reinstate for a maximum of one year the license of any licentiate who demonstrates financial hardship and who enters into a formal agreement with the board to reimburse the board within that one-year period for the unpaid costs.
- "(h) All costs recovered under this section shall be considered a reimbursement for costs incurred and shall be deposited in the fund of the board recovering the costs to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature.
- "(i) Nothing in this section shall preclude a board from including the recovery of the costs of investigation and enforcement of a case in any stipulated settlement.
- "(j) This section does not apply to any board if a specific statutory provision in that board's licensing act provides for recovery of costs in an administrative disciplinary proceeding."

#### CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

# (Conviction of a Crime Substantially Related to the Qualifications, Functions, or Duties of a Polysomnographic Technologist)

- 9. Respondent's license is subject to disciplinary action under sections 480, 3576, and 3576.3, of the Code, and under Title 16 of the California Code of Regulations section 1379.68, in that she was convicted of a crime substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a Polysomnographic Technologist. The circumstances are as follows:
- 10. On or about January 18, 2018, at approximately 2:00 p.m., Respondent illegally trespassed onto the property of a private residence, located in Fresno, California. While illegally trespassing, Respondent moved several yard decorations into a crate. She additionally gained entry into an unlocked shed located on the property and moved an electric drill, a circular saw, and a leaf blower into the crate. Respondent damaged several door and window screens for the purpose of gaining entry into the residence. Respondent then broke a windowpane located at the

back of the residence, in order to unlock the back door to the residence, and gained entry into the structure.

- 11. At or about 2:06 p.m. officers from the Fresno Police Department arrived at the scene and detained Respondent. Respondent was questioned by the responding officers and she admitted to attempting to steal the items located in the crate, as well as breaking and entering into the private residence.
- 12. While searching through Respondent's property, the responding officer found a small bag which he determined to contain a usable amount of methamphetamine, as well as two glass pipes, used for the purpose of smoking methamphetamine. Respondent admitted that the bag contained methamphetamine and that it, as well as the two glass pipes, belonged to her. Respondent was booked into the Fresno County Jail.
- 13. On or about January 22, 2018, Respondent was charged in a case entitled *The People of the State of California v. Jenna Lee Victory*, Fresno County Superior Court Case No. F18900511, alleging the following criminal counts:
- a) Count 1: First Degree Residential Burglary, in violation of section 459/460(a) of the California Penal Code;
- b) Count 2: Misdemeanor Possession of a Controlled Substance, in violation of section 11377(a) of the California Health & Safety Code;
- c) Count 3: Possession of Unlawful Drug Paraphernalia, in violation of section 11364 of the California Health & Safety Code.
- 14. On or about March 28, 2018, Respondent pleaded nolo contendere in Fresno County Superior Court Case No. F18900511 to Count 1, First Degree Residential Burglary, in violation of section 459/460(a) of the California Penal Code. Respondent was sentenced to 205 days in jail (with credit for the 205 days she had already served), three (3) years of formal probation, and to complete the following: do not use or possess alcohol or drugs, do not leave the State of California, do not frequent bars, submit to alcohol and drug testing, complete mental health/narcotics sentencing programs, pay a fine and fees, and other probationary terms and conditions.

#### **PRAYER**

WHEREFORE, Complainant requests that a hearing be held on the matters herein alleged, and that following the hearing, the Medical Board of California issue a decision:

- 1. Revoking or suspending Polysomnographic Technologist Registration No. PTGL 609, issued to Jenna Lee Victory;
- Ordering Jenna Lee Victory to pay the Medical Board the reasonable costs of 2. investigation and enforcement of this case, and if placed on probation, to pay the Board the costs of probation monitoring; and
  - Taking such other and further action as deemed necessary and proper.

DATED:

November 15, 2018

Medical Board of California Department of Consumer Affairs

State of California

Complainant .

SA2018302582 accusation final edits.docx